International Magnet School for Global Citizenship
Assessment Policy
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Introduction

The purpose of this document is to present:

- An understanding of all that encompasses assessment at International Magnet School
- A common definition for the terms associated with assessment, evaluation and reporting
- Guidelines and procedures that faculty need to follow in relation to assessment, evaluation and reporting

The contents of this document are based on thorough educational research, best practice and information obtained from assessment workshops given by the International Baccalaureate and from shared collaborative meetings, both vertically and horizontally, focused on our assessment practices and procedures. This document provides the faculty of International Magnet School with clear guidelines related to effective assessment and reporting practices focused on student learning.

In addition it fulfills standards and practices of the International Baccalaureate Primary Years Programme (IBPYP).
**IMS Assessment Philosophy**

At IMS, we believe that assessment should guide instruction in order to meet the needs of all learners. By assessing both the process and the product we gain insight into the individual learner. Assessment allows teachers, staff, parents, and students to reflect on:

- Acquisition of knowledge (New Learning)
- Understanding of concepts
- Mastery of skills
- Development of attributes
- Decision to take responsible action

This assessment philosophy is fulfilled through our IMS mission and vision. Our vision states, “Demanding Equity, Fostering Inquiry, Empowering Excellence for all.” We aim to design and implement equitable and effective assessments that allow students to demonstrate a range of knowledge, conceptual understanding and skills while expressing different viewpoints and interpretations. Inquiry is our approach to instruction. Students develop meaning from their learning experiences. Our assessments use a variety of learning styles, multiple intelligences, and abilities to express their understanding. This provides an opportunity for students to share their learning in a meaningful way. At IMS, we are committed to excellence. Our assessments are a measure of excellence.

**IMS Mission Statement:** International Magnet School aims to develop internationally minded global citizens who take action for a better, more peaceful world. We are committed to providing equity, excellence, and success for all through high quality educational services.
Purpose for Assessment: What and why do we assess?

The PYP focuses on the heart as well as the mind and addresses social, physical, emotional and cultural needs in addition to those considered to be more academic. The traditional subject areas are valued, with an extra emphasis on the balance between the acquisition of essential knowledge and skills and the search for the meaning of, and understanding about, the world. The programme provides the opportunity for learners to construct meaning, principally through concept-driven inquiry. The threads of students’ learning are brought together in the transdisciplinary programme of inquiry, which in turn allows them to make connections with life outside the school. (Assessment Principles and Practices, 10/2020. IB PYP documentation)

What We Assess

Through the IB PYP Programme of Inquiry, IMS teachers strive to provide the opportunity for learners to construct meaning primarily through inquiry. This is accomplished by emphasizing the connections between subject-specific knowledge and transdisciplinary skills and themes. The transdisciplinary themes--Who We Are, Where We Are in Place and Time, How We Express Ourselves, How the World Works, How We Organize Ourselves, and Sharing the Planet--provide a focus for inquiry, while literacy and numeracy provide the tools. Feedback should be given on student progress and performance in each of these areas.

Additionally, feedback is provided on the attributes listed in the PYP Learner Profile: Inquirer, Communicator, Thinker, Risk-Taker, Knowledgeable, Principled, Caring, Open-Minded, Balanced, and Reflective.

At the International Magnet School, we assess performance and progress in each of the following subject areas: English language arts, Spanish, math, science, social studies, physical education, art, music, media literacy, and social skills. We incorporate student attitudes and attributes to everyday learning. We assess Central Ideas and attempt to incorporate the CREC objectives and assessments when they are related to enduring understandings.
Why We Assess

The purpose of assessment is to inform learning and teaching. It involves the gathering and analysis of information about student learning to inform teaching practice. It identifies what students know, understand and can do at different stages in the learning process.

Effective assessment that achieves this purpose provides valuable information to understand what constitutes learning and how to support it, and is meaningful to all members of the learning community.

Students become effective, self-regulated learners when they are actively engaged in assessment and act on constructive feedback. This helps them reflect on their progress, set goals for their learning and engages them in making decisions about what they need to do to achieve these goals.

Teachers become more effective when they continually learn about what students know and can do. They reflect on their practice, adjust their teaching based on data, and offer timely, specific and well-considered feedback to better support learning.

Parents and legal guardians become more informed when they understand the learning goals their child is working towards, and the progress their child is making. They extend their child’s understanding and development of skills when they support learning. They contribute to their child’s joy of learning and growth as a successful learner through sharing insights with the learning community.

Schools become more impactful learning communities when they use assessment as a tool to evaluate the depth of their curriculum and the effectiveness of their teaching. They make decisions about targeting resources and support to the most pressing priorities and professional development needs. (Assessment in the Primary Years Programme, April 2020. © International Baccalaureate Organization)

Assessment is an essential part of the instructional cycle. It provides information about student learning and development, as well as a framework for planning, self-reflection, and collaboration.

Children and teachers should be actively engaged in assessing student progress and development of critical thinking and self-evaluation skills. Student self-assessment is a key component of an IB program. Teachers also evaluate the efficacy of the program.
Students’ learning is promoted through:
- Assessing prior knowledge and experience
- Differentiating instruction to meet individual needs
- Engaging learners in reflection to determine strengths and areas for improvement to set goals
- Providing specific feedback for students
- Expanding student learning opportunities
- Building a profile of children’s understanding

Information about student learning is provided through:
- Examples of student work or performances
- Statistics relating to benchmarks and/or rubrics or test scores
- Test results

Program evaluation uses a variety of student assessments to:
- Assess the levels of students’ current knowledge and experience before embarking on new learning
- Assess new learning
- Guide teacher planning and presentation
- Assess student performance relative to national, state, and local standards as well as PYP expectations
- Focus on closing the achievement gap
Principles of Assessment: What are the characteristics of effective assessments?

Assessment occurs every day in some format. At IMS, a variety of assessments demonstrates our belief that children learn in different ways, at different rates, and at different times. The result of assessment is considered a critical element that influences teacher decision-making and guides student learning.

Criteria for Effective Assessments

All types of assessment provide information to the student, the teacher, and the family. There are criteria for all stakeholders that make the assessment effective. At IMS, we have created a set of expectations for our assessments so they meet the needs of students, teachers, and families.

Effective assessments for students include the opportunity to:
- Share their learning and understanding with others
- Know and understand the criteria for producing a quality product or performance
- Participate in reflection, self- and peer-assessment

Effective assessments allow teachers to:
- Inform every stage of the teaching and learning process
- Develop criteria for producing a quality product or performance
- Provide evidence that can be reported and understood by the whole school community

Effective assessments allow families to:
- See evidence of student learning and development
- Develop an understanding of the student’s progress
- Provide opportunities to support and celebrate student learning

(Making the PYP happen: A curriculum framework for international primary education, p. 46, 2020).
Assessment Practice: How do we assess?

Types of Assessments

Pre-Assessment
Pre-assessment occurs before beginning new learning to understand prior knowledge and experiences. Pre-assessment allows teachers and students insight into where learning can begin.

Formative Assessment
Formative assessment is woven into the daily learning process and provides teachers and students with information about how learning is developing, it aides students and teachers in planning the next stage of learning. *Formative assessment aims to promote learning by giving regular and frequent feedback. This helps learners to improve knowledge and understanding, to foster enthusiasm for learning, to engage in thoughtful reflection, to develop the capacity for self-assessment, and to recognize the criteria for success.* (IBO 2009)

Summative Assessment
Summative assessment occurs at the end of a learning cycle, students are given the opportunity to demonstrate what they have learned by applying their knowledge in new and authentic contexts.

Exhibition as Summative Assessment
This occurs during the last trimester of fifth grade and provides a culminating learning experience for the IB Primary Years Programme. Key purposes of the exhibition include:

- Allowing students participate in collaborative inquiry that demonstrates independence and responsibility for their learning
- Enabling students to synthesize and apply learning from previous years and reflect on the PYP journey
- The demonstration of students taking action as a result of learning
- Uniting students, teachers, parents, and other members of the school community in a collaborative experience that incorporates the essential elements of the PYP

Standardized Testing
A standardized test is administered under controlled conditions that specify where, when, how, and for how long children respond to the questions. In standardized tests, the questions, conditions for administering, scoring procedures, and interpretations are consistent. A well designed standardized test provides an assessment of an individual’s mastery of a domain of knowledge or skill. (e.g. Smarter Balanced, AimsWeb, PALS, LASlinks)
Assessment Strategies

Assessment in the classroom answers the question, “How will we know what we have learned?”, assessment at IMS includes but is not limited to:

- **Observations**: All students are observed regularly with a focus on the individual, the small group, and/or the whole class.

- **Performance Assessments**: Students are presented with a task that represents the kind of challenges that adults face in the world beyond the classroom. It requires using a repertoire of knowledge and skills to accomplish a goal or solve an open-ended problem. In addition, it entails the thoughtful application of knowledge rather than recalling facts. It has an identified purpose or audience, involves a realistic scenario, it has an established criteria and requires developing an authentic product or performance.

- **Transdisciplinary Skills Assessments (research, thinking, communication, self-management and social skills)**: The focus is on the process and skill application rather than on the product. These skills are regularly observed in real contexts using checklists, narrative notes, and inventories.

- **Open-Ended Assessments**: Students are presented with a challenge and asked to provide an original response.

- **Tests/Quizzes**: These single-occasion assessments provide a snapshot of students’ specific knowledge.

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• **Portfolios:** An ongoing, purposeful collection is composed of selected student work and designed to demonstrate growth, and creativity. *Portfolios enable students to reflect with teachers, parents, and peers in order to identify their strengths and growth as well as areas for improvement, and then set individual goals and establish teaching and learning plans.* (Making the PYP Happen, January 2009. IBO)
  
  o [IMS agreements for Digital Portfolios](#)
  
  o [Seesaw- A digital portfolio platform](#)

**How We Report on Assessment**

**Conferences**
The purpose of conferences is to share information about goals and progress between teachers, students, parents/guardians. Conferences may be formal or informal.

• **Teacher/student** conferences occur frequently to provide feedback to students to enable reflection on their work and further refine and develop their skills.

• **Teacher/parent/guardian** conferences provide parents/guardians with information about student’s progress, development, and needs.

• **Student-Led** conferences involve parents, teacher, and student. The student is responsible for leading the conference and sharing their learning process with their parent.

**Report Cards**
Report cards are sent home three times a year. Approaches to learning and the learner profile are reflected in the comments that teachers write on every report card and on the IB section of the report card. We strive to communicate, share, and reflect on student learning at the end of each unit.

**Implementation of the Assessment Policy**
At IMS, we commit to the agreements that are established in this assessment policy. In addition, we will annually review the agreements and consider revisions. Other actions we will take to support the implementation of the assessment policy are:

• To review portfolio procedures and expectations at the start of each school year

• To establish reflection routines with students for ongoing, meaningful feedback

• To model and share best practices for collection of student work and other evidence

• To use the assessment policy tools and strategies when designing formative and summative assessments
Implications of Policy and Future Research

Upon publishing this policy, International Magnet School will commit to:

- Continued research into the most effective combinations of instructional models and assessments that result in improved student learning.
- Identifying types of professional development and supporting activities that best enable teachers to understand and implement different types of performance assessments.
- Identifying trends (strengths and areas in need of development) in our curriculum through analyzing assessment data.
- Identifying how we best prepare students for external standardized performance assessments.

Collaborative Process leading to revisions

This policy will be reviewed annually by the school faculty and revised on a three-year cycle based on the date of publication. During the revision process all faculty members will use guiding questions to establish agreements on assessment:

- How should we structure assessment?
- How often should we assess?
- What do we assess?
- Who is responsible for assessment and how?
- How should assessment information be recorded?
- How should assessment information be analyzed and reported?
- How will assessment information be reported to students and parents?
- Who will have access to assessment information and where will it be located?

(Making the PYP happen: A curriculum framework for international primary education, p 55. 2020)

Group decisions will be made and reflected within the assessment policy. The updated assessment policy will be published on our website and in the parent handbook. In this way we can ensure that the school community is aware of the assessment policy.
Works Cited


We also gathered information from the following IB PYP school assessment policies:

- Wade King Elementary
- Charter Oak International Academy
- The International School at Dundee
- The English School
- Frank C. Martin International
- Branksome Hall
- Whitby School